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# National Semiconductor

## **DS34LV86T 3V Enhanced CMOS Quad Differential Line Receiver General Description**

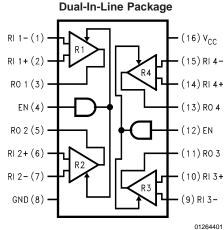
The DS34LV86T is a high speed quad differential CMOS receiver that meets the requirements of both TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU-T V.11. The CMOS DS34LV86T features typical low static I<sub>CC</sub> of 9 mA which makes it ideal for battery powered and power conscious applications. The TRI-STATE® enables, EN, allow the device to be disabled when not in use to minimize power consumption. The dual enable scheme allows for flexibility in turning receivers on and off.

The receiver output (RO) is guaranteed to be High when the inputs are left open. The receiver can detect signals as low as ±200 mV over the common mode range of ±10V. The receiver outputs (RO) are compatible with TTL and LVCMOS levels.

#### Features

- Low power CMOS design (30 mW typical)
- Interoperable with existing 5V RS-422 networks
- Industrial temperature range
- Meets TIA/EIA-422-B (RS-422) and ITU-T V.11 recommendation
- 3.3V Operation
- ±7V common mode range @ V<sub>ID</sub> = 3V
- ±10V common mode range @ V<sub>ID</sub> = 0.2V
- Receiver OPEN input failsafe feature
- Guaranteed AC parameter: Maximum Receiver Skew: 4 ns Transition time: 10 ns
- Pin compatible with DS34C86T
- 32 MHz Toggle Frequency
- >6.5k ESD Tolerance (HBM)
- Available in SOIC packaging

#### **Connection Diagram**



**Top View** Order Number DS34LV86TM See NS Package Number M16A

### Truth Table

Enable	Inputs	Output
EN	RI+–RI–	RO
L	Х	Z
Н	$V_{ID} \ge +0.2V$	Н
Н	$V_{ID} \leq -0.2V$	L
Н	Open†	Н
L = Logic Low	1	

H = Logic High

X = Irrelevant

† = Open, Not Terminated

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.

Z = TRI-STATE

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	+7V
Enable Input Voltage (EN)	+7V
Receiver Input Voltage	
(V <sub>ID</sub> : RI+, RI–)	±14V
Receiver Input Voltage	
(V <sub>CM</sub> : RI+, RI–)	±14V
Receiver Output Voltage (RO)	–0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V
Receiver Output Current (RO)	±25 mA
Maximum Package Power Dissi	pation @ +25°C
M Package	1190 mW
Derate M Package	9.8 mW/°C above +25°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature Range	
Soldering (4 Seconds)	+260°C
ESD Ratings (HBM, 1.5k, 100 pF)	
Receiver Inputs and	
Enables	≥6.5 kV
Other Pins	≥2 kV

# Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operating Free Air				
Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	-40	+25	+85	°C

#### Electrical Characteristics (Notes 2, 3)

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>TH</sub>	Differential Input Threshold	$V_{OUT} = V_{OH} \text{ or } V_{OL}$	RI+,	-200	±17.5	+200	mV
		$-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq +7V$	RI–				
V <sub>HY</sub>	Hysteresis	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$			35		mV
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum High Level Input			2.0			V
	Voltage		EN EN				
VIL	Minimum Low Level Input					0.8	V
	Voltage						
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	$V_{IN} = -7V, +7V$		5.0	8.5		kΩ
		(Other Input = GND)					
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = +10V	– RI+,	0	1.1	1.8	mA
	(Other Input = 0V,	$V_{IN} = +3V$	— RI–	0	0.27		mA
	Power On or $V_{CC} = 0V$ )	$V_{IN} = 0.5V$			-0.02		mA
		$V_{IN} = -3V$		0	-0.43		mA
		$V_{IN} = -10V$		0	-1.26	-2.2	mA
I <sub>EN</sub>		$V_{IN} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$	EN			±1	μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}, V_{ID} = +1 \text{V}$		2.4	3		V
		$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}, \text{ V}_{ID} = \text{OPEN}$					
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A, \ V_{ID} = +1V$			V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1		V
		$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A, \ V_{ID} = OPEN$					
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	$I_{OL} = +6 \text{ mA}, V_{ID} = -1 \text{V}$	RO		0.13	0.5	V
l <sub>oz</sub>	Output TRI-STATE	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND				±50	μA
	Leakage	EN = V <sub>II</sub>					
	Current						
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_O = 0V, \ V_{ID} \ge  200 \ mV $		-10	-35	-70	mA
		(Note 4)					
I <sub>cc</sub>	Power Supply Current	No Load, All RI+, RI- = Open,	V <sub>cc</sub>		9	15	mA
		$EN = V_{CC}$ or GND					

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#### Switching Characteristics (Notes 3, 9, 10)

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay High to Low	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	6	17.5	35	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay Low to High	(Figures 1, 2)	6	17.8	35	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time (20% to 80%)			4.1	10	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time (80% to 20%)			3.3	10	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Disable Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF			40	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Disable Time	(Figures 3, 4)			40	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Enable Time				40	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Enable Time				40	ns
t <sub>sK1</sub>	Skew,  t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>  (Note 5)	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		0.3	4	ns
t <sub>sk2</sub>	Skew, Pin to Pin (Note 6)			0.6	4	ns
t <sub>sk3</sub>	Skew, Part to Part (Note 7)			7	17	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Operating Frequency	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	32			MHz
	(Note 8)					

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

Note 2: Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except V<sub>ID</sub>.

**Note 3:** All typicals are given for:  $V_{CC}$  = +3.3V,  $T_A$  = +25°C.

Note 4: Short one output at a time to ground. Do not exceed package power dissipation ratings.

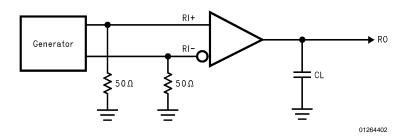
**Note 5:**  $t_{SK1}$  is the  $|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}|$  of a channel.

Note 6:  $t_{SK2}$  is the maximum skew between any two channels within a device, on either edge.

Note 7:  $t_{SK3}$  is the difference in propagation delay times between any channels of any devices. This specification (maximum limit) applies to devices within V<sub>CC</sub> ±0.1V of one another, and a Delta T<sub>A</sub> = ±5°C (between devices) within the operating temperature range. This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 8:** All channels switching, output duty cycle criteria is 40%/60% measured at 50% Input = 1V to 2V, 50% Duty Cycle,  $t_r/t_f \le 5$  ns. This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization.

#### **Parameter Measurement Information**



#### FIGURE 1. Receiver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit (Notes 9, 10)

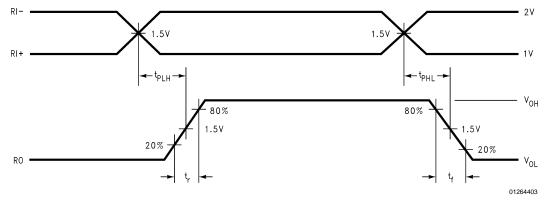
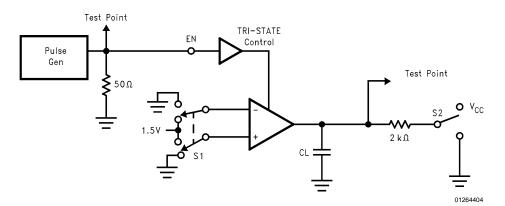


FIGURE 2. Receiver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveform (Notes 9, 10)

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#### Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)

**Note 9:** Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: f = 1 MHz, Duty Cycle = 50%,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns. **Note 10:**  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.





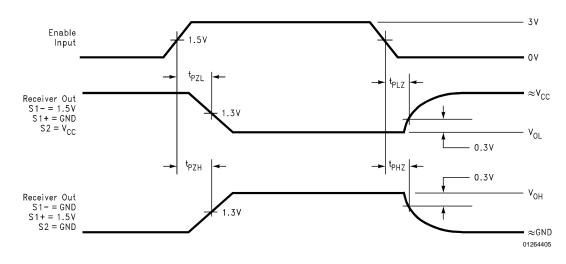
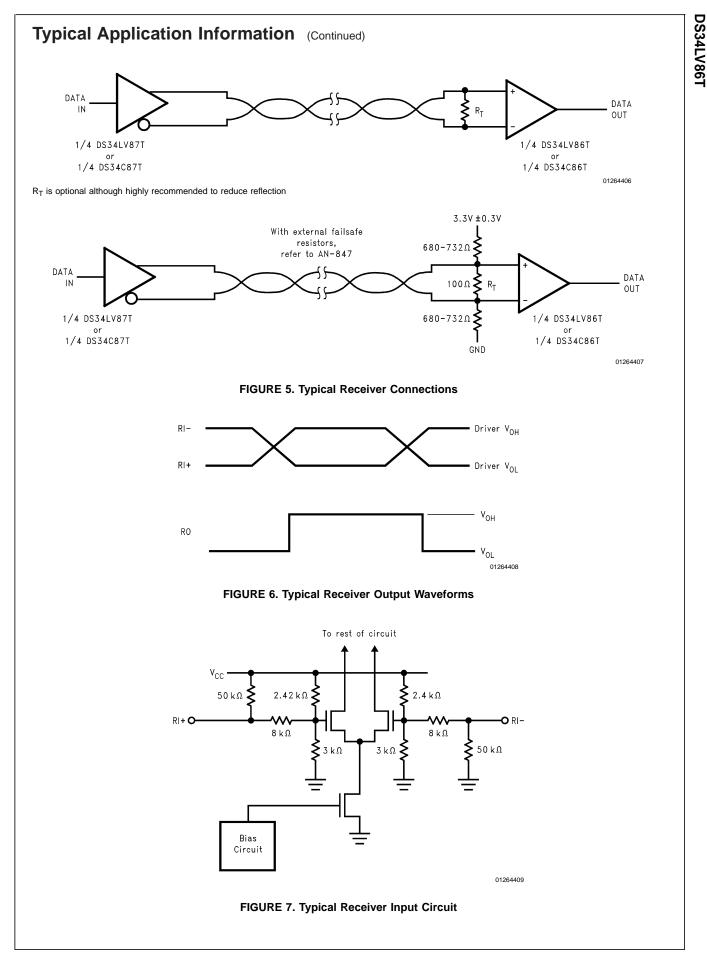


FIGURE 4. Receiver TRI-STATE Output Enable and Disable Waveforms (Notes 9, 10)

### **Typical Application Information**

General application guidelines and hints for differential drivers receivers may be found in the following application notes:

AN-214, AN-457, AN-805, AN-847, AN-903, AN-912, AN-916 Power Decoupling Recommendations: Bypass caps must be used on power pins. High frequency ceramic (surface mount is recommended) 0.1  $\mu$ F in parallel with 0.01  $\mu$ F at the power supply pin. A 10  $\mu$ F or greater solid tantalum or electrolytic should be connected at the power entry point on the printed circuit board.



## Typical Application Information (Continued)

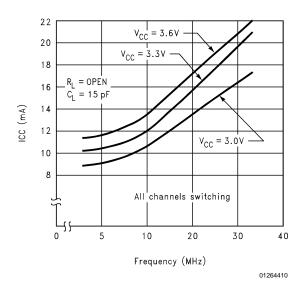


FIGURE 8. Typical I<sub>CC</sub> vs Frequency

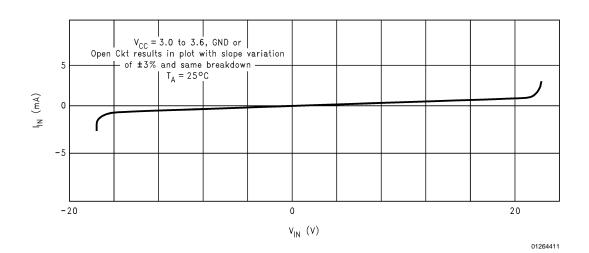
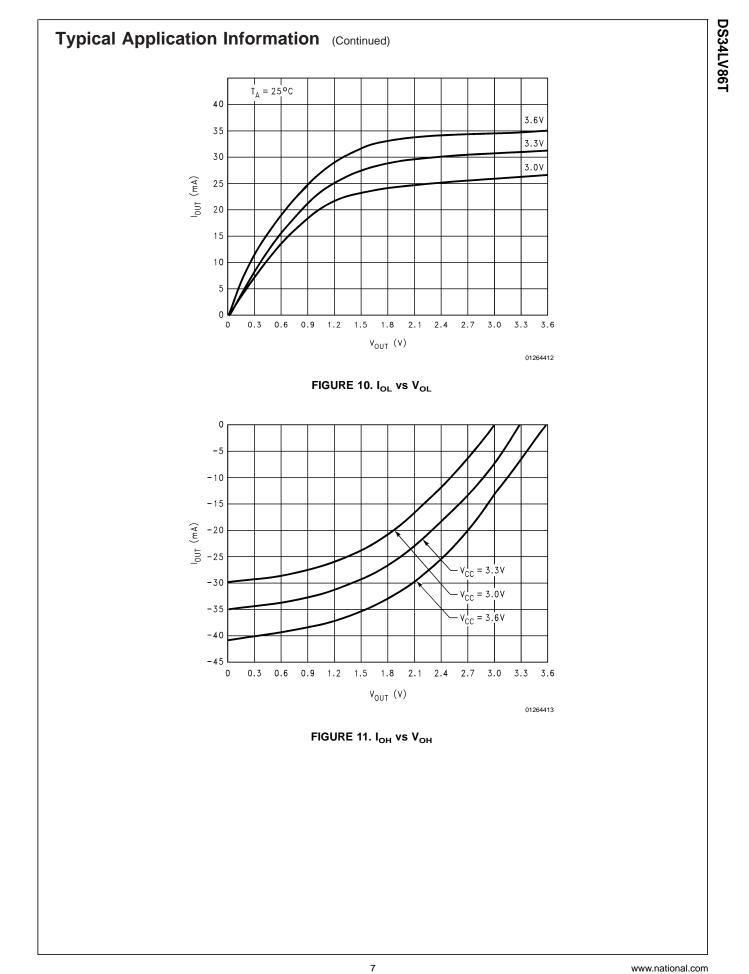
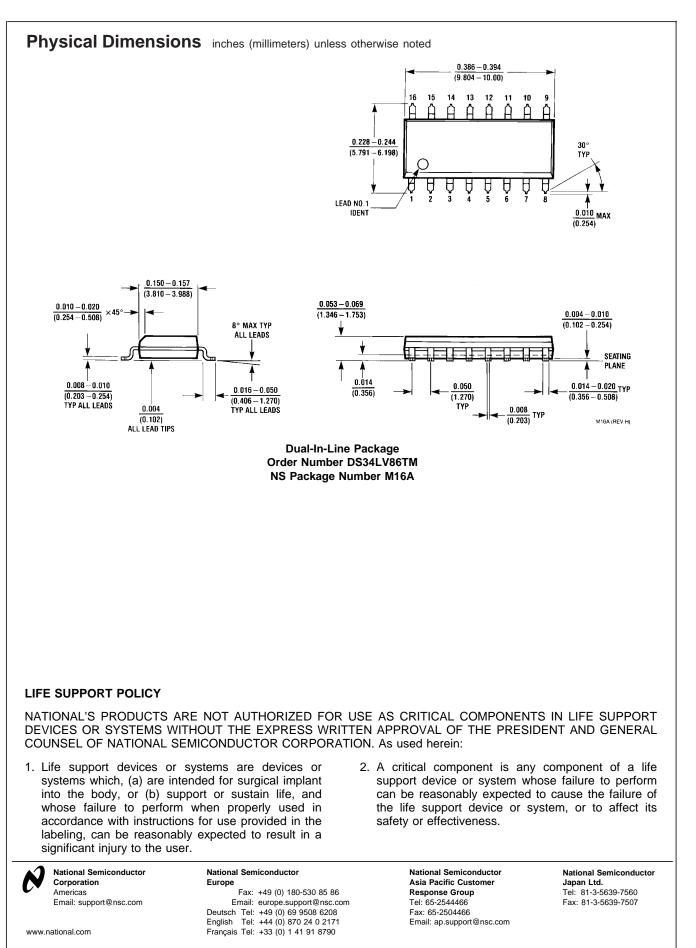


FIGURE 9. I<sub>IN</sub> vs V<sub>IN</sub> (Power On, Power Off)

DS34LV86T





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