ISD4002 SERIES

SINGLE-CHIP, MULTIPLE-MESSAGES
VOICE RECORD/PLAYBACK DEVICES
120-, 150-, 180-, AND 240-SECOND DURATION
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ISD4002 ChipCorder® series provides high-quality, 3-volt, single-chip record/playback solutions for 2- to 4-minute messaging applications ideally for cellular phones and other portable products. The CMOS-based devices include an on-chip oscillator, anti-aliasing filter, smoothing filter, AutoMute® feature, audio amplifier, and high density multilevel Flash memory array. The ISD4002 series is designed to be used in a microprocessor- or microcontroller-based system. Address and control are accomplished through a Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) or Microwire Serial Interface to minimize pin count.

Recordings are stored into the on-chip Flash memory cells, providing zero-power message storage. This unique single-chip solution utilizes Winbond’s patented multilevel storage technology. Voice and audio signals are directly stored onto memory array in their natural form, providing high-quality voice reproduction.
2. FEATURES

- Single-chip voice record/playback solution
- Single 3 volt supply
- Low-power consumption
  - Operating current:
    - \( I_{CC_{Play}} = 15 \text{ mA (typical)} \)
    - \( I_{CC_{Rec}} = 25 \text{ mA (typical)} \)
  - Standby current:
    - \( I_{CC_{Standby}} = 1 \mu\text{A (typical)} \)
- Single-chip durations of 120, 150, 180, and 240 seconds
- High-quality, natural voice/audio reproduction
- AutoMute feature provides background noise attenuation
- No algorithm development required
- Microcontroller SPI or Microwire™ Serial Interface
- Fully addressable to handle multiple messages
- Non-volatile message storage
- 100K record cycles (typical)
- 100-year message retention (typical)
- On-chip clock source
- Power consumption controlled by SPI or Microwire control register
- Available in die, PDIP, SOIC and TSOP
- Packaged types: Leaded and Lead-Free
- Temperature:
  - Commercial (die): 0°C to +50°C
  - Commercial (packaged units): 0°C to +70°C
  - Extended (packaged units): -20°C to +70°C
  - Industrial (packaged units): -40°C to +85°C
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM
# 4. TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.................................................................................................................. 2
2. FEATURES ......................................................................................................................................... 3
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM .............................................................................................................................. 4
4. TABLE OF CONTENTS ...................................................................................................................... 5
5. PIN CONFIGURATION ....................................................................................................................... 6
6. PIN DESCRIPTION............................................................................................................................. 7
7. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION............................................................................................................. 12
   7.1. Detailed Description.................................................................................................................... 12
   7.2. Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Description.............................................................................. 13
      7.2.1. OPCODES ........................................................................................................................... 14
      7.2.2. SPI Diagrams ....................................................................................................................... 15
      7.2.3. SPI Control and Output Registers........................................................................................16
8. TIMING DIAGRAMS.......................................................................................................................... 18
9. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS....................................................................................................20
   9.1. Operating Conditions.................................................................................................................. 21
10. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS............................................................................................. 22
   10.1. Parameters For Packaged Parts .............................................................................................. 22
   10.2. Parameters For Die .................................................................................................................. 25
   10.3. SPI AC Parameters .................................................................................................................. 26
11. TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT.................................................................................................27
12. PACKAGING AND DIE INFORMATION......................................................................................... 30
   12.1. 28-Lead 300-Mil Plastic Small Outline IC (SOIC)..................................................................... 30
   12.2. 28-Lead 600-Mil Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)............................................................... 31
   12.3. 28-Lead 8x13.4mm Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP) Type 1 - IQC ...................... 32
   12.4. 28-Lead 8x13.4mm Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP) Type 1................................ 33
   12.5. Die Information ......................................................................................................................... 34
13. ORDERING INFORMATION........................................................................................................... 36
14. VERSION HISTORY......................................................................................................................... 37
5. PIN CONFIGURATION

ISD4002 SERIES

SOIC / PDIP

TSOP
## 6. PIN DESCRIPTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN NAME</th>
<th>PIN NO.</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SS</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Slave Select: This input, when LOW, will select the ISD4002 device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOSI</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Master Out Slave IN: This is the serial input to the ISD4002 device when it is configured as slave. The master microcontroller places data on the MOSI line one half-cycle before the rising edge of SCLK for clocking into the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISO</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Master In Slave Out: This is the serial output (open drain) of the ISD4002 device. This output goes into a high-impedance state if the device is not selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSSA / VSSD</td>
<td>11, 12, 23 / 4</td>
<td>Ground: The ISD4002 series utilizes separate analog and digital ground busses. The analog ground (VSSA) pins should be tied together as close as possible and connected through a low-impedance path to power supply ground. The digital ground (VSSD) pin should be connected through a separate low-impedance path to power supply ground. These ground paths should be large enough to ensure that the impedance between the VSSA pins and the VSSD pin is less than 3 Ω. The backside of the die is connected to VSS through the substrate. For chip-on-board design, the die attach area must be connected to VSS or left floating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>5-10, 15, 19-22</td>
<td>Not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUD OUT</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Audio Output: This pin provides an audio output of the stored data and is recommended be AC coupled. It is capable of driving a 5 KΩ impedance $R_{EXT}$.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

[1] The AUD OUT pin is always at 1.2 volts when the device is powered up. When in playback, the output buffer connected to this pin can drive a load as small as 5 KΩ. When in record, a resistor connects AUD OUT to the internal 1.2-volt analog ground supply. This resistor is approximately 850 KΩ, but will vary somewhat according to the sample rate of the device. This relatively high impedance allows this pin to be connected to an audio bus without loading it down.
### ISD4002 SERIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN NAME</th>
<th>PIN NO.</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SOIC / PDIP</td>
<td>TSOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AM CAP</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN-</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN+</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supply Voltage: To minimize noises, the analog and digital circuits in the ISD4002 devices use separate power busses. These +3V busses are brought out to separate pins and should be tied together as close to the supply as possible. In addition, these supplies should be decoupled as close to the package as possible.

Row Address Clock: This is an open drain output that provides the signal of a ROW with a 200 ms period for 8 KHz sampling frequency. (This represents a single row of memory) This signal stays HIGH for 175 ms and stays LOW for 25 ms when it reaches the end of a row.

The RAC pin stays HIGH for 109.37 μsec and stays LOW for 15.63 μsec in Message Cueing mode (see Message Cueing section for detailed description). Refer to the AC Parameters table for RAC timing information at other sample rates.

When a record command is first initiated, the RAC pin remains HIGH for an extra $T_{RACL}$ period. This is due to the need of loading the internal sample and hold circuits in the device. This pin can be used for message management techniques.

A pull-up resistor is required to connect to other device.

Interrupt: This is an open drain output pin. This pin goes LOW and stays LOW when an Overflow (OVF) or End of Message (EOM) marker is detected. Each operation that ends with an EOM or OVF will generate an interrupt. The interrupt will be cleared the next time an SPI cycle is initiated. The interrupt status can also be read by an $R_{INT}$ instruction.

A pull-up resistor is required to connect to other device.

Overflow Flag (OVF) – The Overflow flag indicates that the end of memory has been reached during a record or playback operation.

End of Message (EOM) – The End of Message flag is set only during playback operation when an EOM is found. There are eight EOM flag position options per row.
### External Clock Input

The pin has an internal pull-down device. The ISD4002 series is configured at the factory with an internal sampling clock frequency centered to ±1 percent of specification. The frequency is then maintained to a variation of ±2.25 percent over the entire commercial temperature and operating voltage ranges. The internal clock has a –6/+4 percent tolerance over the extended temperature, industrial temperature and voltage ranges. A regulated power supply is recommended for industrial temperature range parts. If greater precision is required, the device can be clocked through the XCLK pin as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Sample Rate</th>
<th>Required Clock</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-120</td>
<td>8.0 kHz</td>
<td>1024 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-150</td>
<td>6.4 kHz</td>
<td>819.2 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-180</td>
<td>5.3 kHz</td>
<td>682.7 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-240</td>
<td>4.0 kHz</td>
<td>512 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These recommended clock rates should not be varied because the anti-aliasing and smoothing filters are fixed. Otherwise, aliasing problems can occur if the sample rate differs from the one recommended. The duty cycle on the input clock is not critical, as the clock is immediately divided by two. **If the XCLK is not used, this input must be connected to ground.**

### Serial Clock

This is the input clock to the ISD4002 device. It is generated by the master device (typically microcontroller) and is used to synchronize the data transfer in and out of the device through the MOSI and MISO lines, respectively. Data is latched into the ISD4002 on the rising edge of SCLK and shifted out of the device on the falling edge of SCLK.
FIGURE 1: ISD4002 SERIES ANA IN MODES

FIGURE 2: RAC TIMING WAVEFORM DURING NORMAL OPERATION

(example of 8kHz sampling rate)
7. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

7.1. DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Audio Quality
The Winbond's ISD4002 ChipCorder® series is offered at 8.0, 6.4, 5.3 and 4.0 kHz sampling frequencies, allowing the user a choice of speech quality options. Increasing the sampling frequency will produce better sound quality, but affects duration. Please refer to Table 1: Product Summary for details.

Analog speech samples are stored directly into on-chip non-volatile memory without the digitization and compression associated with other solutions. Direct analog storage provides higher quality reproduction of voice, music, tones, and sound effects than other solid-state solutions.

Duration
The ISD4002 Series is a single-chip solution with 120, 150, 180, and 240 seconds duration.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE 1: PRODUCT SUMMARY OF ISD4002 SERIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Part Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-240</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* This is the –3dB point. This parameter is not checked during production testing and may vary due to process variations and other factors. Therefore, the customer should not rely upon this value for testing purposes.

Flash Storage
The ISD4002 series utilizes on-chip Flash memory, providing zero-power message storage. The message is retained for up to 100 years typically without power. In addition, the device can be re-recorded typically over 100,000 times.

Memory Architecture
The ISD4002 series contains a total of 960K Flash memory cells, which is organized as 600 rows of 1,600 cells each.
Microcontroller Interface

A four-wire (SCLK, MOSI, MISO & SS) SPI interface is provided for controlling and addressing functions. The ISD4002 is configured to operate as a peripheral slave device, with a microcontroller-based SPI bus interface. Read and write operations are controlled through this SPI interface. An interrupt signal (INT) and internal read only Status Register are provided for handshake purposes.

Programming

The ISD4002 series is also ideal for playback-only applications, where single- or multiple-messages playback is controlled through the SPI port. Once the desired message configuration is created, duplicates can easily be generated via a programmer.

7.2. SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI) DESCRIPTION

The ISD4002 series operates via SPI serial interface with the following protocol.

First, the data transfer protocol assumes that the microcontroller’s SPI shift registers are clocked on the falling edge of the SCLK. However, for the ISD4002, the protocols are as follows:

1. All serial data transfers begin with the falling edge of SS pin.
2. SS is held LOW during all serial communications and held HIGH between instructions.
3. Data is clocked in on the rising edge of the SCLK signal and clocked out on the falling edge of the SCLK signal, with LSB first.
4. Playback and record operations are initiated when the device is enabled by asserting the SS pin LOW, shifting in an opcode and an address data to the ISD4002 device (refer to the Opcode Summary in the following page).
5. The opcodes contain <11 address bits> and <5 control bits>.
6. Each operation that ends with an EOM or Overflow will generate an interrupt. The Interrupt will be cleared the next time a SPI cycle is initiated.
7. As Interrupt data is shifted out of the MISO pin, control and address data are simultaneously shifted into the MOSI pin. Care should be taken such that the data shifted in is compatible with current system operation. Because it is possible to read an interrupt data and start a new operation within the same SPI cycle.
8. An operation begins with the RUN bit set and ends with the RUN bit reset.
9. All operations begin after the rising edge of SS.
### 7.2.1. OPCODES

The available Opcodes are summarized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instructions</th>
<th>OpCodes</th>
<th>Control bits (5 bits)</th>
<th>Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POWERUP</td>
<td>&lt;XXXXXXXXXXXXX&gt;</td>
<td>0 0 1 0 0</td>
<td>Power-Up: Device will be ready for an operation after T_{PUD}.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETPLAY</td>
<td>&lt;A0 – A9, 0&gt;</td>
<td>0 0 1 1 1</td>
<td>Initiates playback from address &lt;A0-A9&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAY</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 1 1 1 1</td>
<td>Playback from the current address (until EOM or OVF).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETREC</td>
<td>&lt;A0 – A9, 0&gt;</td>
<td>0 0 1 0 1</td>
<td>Initiates a record operation from address &lt;A0-A9&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REC</td>
<td>0 1 1 0 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Records from current address until OVF is reached or Stop command is sent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETMC</td>
<td>&lt;A0 – A9, 0&gt;</td>
<td>1 0 1 1 1</td>
<td>Initiates Message Cueing (MC) from address &lt;A0-A9&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC[^2]</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1 1 1</td>
<td>Performs a Message Cueing from current location. Proceeds to the end of message (EOM) or enters OVF condition if no more messages are present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOP</td>
<td>&lt;XXXXXXXXXXXXX&gt;</td>
<td>0 1 1 X 0</td>
<td>Stops the current operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOPPWRDN</td>
<td>&lt;XXXXXXXXXXXXX&gt;</td>
<td>X 1 0 X 0</td>
<td>Stops the current operation and enters into standby (power-down) mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RINT[^3]</td>
<td>&lt;XXXXXXXXXXXXX&gt;</td>
<td>0 1 1 X 0</td>
<td>Read Interrupt status bits: Overflow and EOM.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Notes:
- C0 = Message cueing
- C1 = Ignore address bit
- C2 = Master power control
- C3 = Record or playback operation
- C4 = Enable or disable an operation

[^2]: Message Cueing can be selected only at the beginning of a playback operation.
[^3]: As the Interrupt data is shifted out of the ISD4002, control and address data are being shifted in. Care should be taken such that the data shifted in is compatible with current system operation. It is possible to read interrupt data and start a new operation at the same time. See Figures 5-8 for references.
7.2.2. SPI Diagrams

The following diagram describes the SPI port and the control bits associated with it.

FIGURE 3: SPI INTERFACE SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM

FIGURE 4: SPI PORT
7.2.3. SPI Control and Output Registers

The SPI control register provides control of individual device functions such as play, record, message cueing, power-up and power-down, start and stop operations, and ignore address pointers.

TABLE 3: SPI CONTROL REGISTERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Bit</th>
<th>Control Register</th>
<th>Bit</th>
<th>Device Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C0</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Message Cueing function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Enable Message Cueing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Disable Message Cueing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>IAB [4]</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ignore Address bit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Ignore input address register (A0-A9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Use the input address register (A0-A9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2</td>
<td>PU</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Power Up bit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Power-Up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Power-Down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3</td>
<td>P/R</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Playback or Record bit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Play</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C4</td>
<td>RUN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enable or Disable an operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address Bits</td>
<td>A0-A9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Input address register</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TABLE 4: SPI OUTPUT REGISTERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Bits</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OVF</td>
<td>Overflow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOM</td>
<td>End-of-Message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P0-P9</td>
<td>Output of the row pointer register</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[4] When IAB (Ignore Address Bit) is set to 0, a playback or record operation starts from address (A0-A9). For consecutive playback or record, IAB should be changed to a 1 before the end of that row (see RAC timing). Otherwise the ISD4002 will repeat the operation from the same row address. For memory management, the Row Address Clock (RAC) signal and IAB can be used to move around the memory segments.
Message Cueing
Message cueing (MC) allows the user to skip through messages, without knowing the actual physical location of the messages. It will stop when an EOM marker is reached. Then, the internal address counter will point to the next message. Also, it will enter into OVF condition when it reaches the end of memory. In this mode, the messages are skipped 1,600 times faster than the normal playback mode.

Power-Up Sequence
The ISD4002 will be ready for an operation after power-up command is sent and followed by the $T_{PUD}$ timing (25 ms for 8 KHz sampling rate). Refer to the AC timing table for other $T_{PUD}$ values with respect to different sampling rates.

The following sequences are recommended for optimized Record and Playback operations.

**Record Mode**
1. Send POWERUP command.
2. Wait $T_{PUD}$ (power-up delay).
3. Send POWERUP command.
4. Wait 2 x $T_{PUD}$ (power-up delay).
5. a). Send SETREC command with address xx, or
   b). Send REC command (recording from current location).
6. Send STOP command to stop recording.
7. Wait $T_{STOP/PAUSE}$.
For 5.a), the device will start recording at address xx and will generate an interrupt when an overflow (end of memory array) is reached, if no STOP command is sent before that. Then, it will automatic stop recording operation.

**Playback Mode**
1. Send POWERUP command
2. Wait $T_{PUD}$ (power-up delay)
3. a). Send SETPLAY command with address xx, or
   b). Send PLAY command (playback from current location).
4. a). Send STOP command to halt the playback operation, or
   b). Wait for playback operation to stop automatically, when an EOM or OVF is reached.
5. Wait $T_{STOP/PAUSE}$.
For 3.a), the device will start playback at address xx and it will generate an interrupt when an EOM or OVF is reached. It will then stop playback operation.
ISD4002 SERIES

8. TIMING DIAGRAMS

**FIGURE 5: TIMING DIAGRAM**

**FIGURE 6: 8-BIT COMMAND FORMAT**
FIGURE 7: 16-BIT COMMAND FORMAT

FIGURE 8: PLAYBACK/RECORD AND STOP CYCLE
# 9. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

## TABLE 5: ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (PACKAGED PARTS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>VALUES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Junction temperature</td>
<td>150°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature range</td>
<td>-65°C to +150°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to any pin</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -0.3V)) to ((V_{CC} +0.3V))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to any pin (Input current limited to ±20mA)</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -1.0V)) to ((V_{CC} +1.0V))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to MOSI, SCLK, and SS pins</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -1.0V)) to 5.5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead temperature (soldering – 10 seconds)</td>
<td>300°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{CC} - V_{SS})</td>
<td>-0.3V to +7.0V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## TABLE 6: ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (DIE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>VALUES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Junction temperature</td>
<td>150°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature range</td>
<td>-65°C to +150°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to any pad</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -0.3V)) to ((V_{CC} +0.3V))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to any pad (Input current limited to ±20mA)</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -1.0V)) to ((V_{CC} +1.0V))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage applied to MOSI, SCLK, and SS pins</td>
<td>((V_{SS} -1.0V)) to 5.5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{CC} - V_{SS})</td>
<td>-0.3V to +7.0V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Stresses above those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings may affect device reliability and performance. Functional operation is not implied at these conditions.
9.1. **Operating Conditions**

### TABLE 7: OPERATING CONDITIONS (PACKAGED PARTS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONDITION</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial operating temperature range (Case temperature)</td>
<td>0ºC to +70ºC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extended operating temperature (Case temperature)</td>
<td>-20ºC to +70ºC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial operating temperature (Case temperature)</td>
<td>-40ºC to +85ºC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply voltage ($V_{CC}$) [1]</td>
<td>+2.7V to +3.3V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground voltage ($V_{SS}$) [2]</td>
<td>0V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE 8: OPERATING CONDITIONS (DIE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONDITION</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial operating temperature range</td>
<td>0ºC to +50ºC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply voltage ($V_{CC}$) [1]</td>
<td>+2.7V to +3.3V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground voltage ($V_{SS}$) [2]</td>
<td>0V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCD}$

[2] $V_{SS} = V_{SSA} = V_{SSD}$
## 10. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 10.1. PARAMETERS FOR PACKAGED PARTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE 9: DC PARAMETERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input Low Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input High Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Low Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output High Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{CC}$ Current (Operating)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Playback</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{CC}$ Current (Standby)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Leakage Current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISO Tristate Current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Load Impedance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN+ Input Resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN- Input Resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN+ or ANA IN- to AUD OUT Gain</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

[1] Typical values @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ and $V_{CC} = 3.0V$.

[2] All Min/Max limits are guaranteed by Winbond via electronical testing or characterization. Not all specifications are 100 percent tested.

[3] $V_{CCA}$ and $V_{CCD}$ connected together.

[4] $SS = V_{CCA} = V_{CCD}$, XCLK = MOSI = $V_{SSA} = V_{SSA}$ and all other pins floating.

# TABLE 10: AC PARAMETERS (Packaged Parts)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sampling Frequency</td>
<td>F_s</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>KHz</td>
<td>[9]</td>
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<tr>
<td>ISD4002-120</td>
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<tr>
<td>ISD4002-240</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filter Pass Band</td>
<td>F_{CF}</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>KHz</td>
<td>3 dB Roll-Off Point[^11]</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record Duration</td>
<td>T_{REC}</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>sec</td>
<td>[8]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Playback Duration</td>
<td>T_{PLAY}</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>sec</td>
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<tr>
<td>Power-Up Delay</td>
<td>T_{PUD}</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>31.25</td>
<td>37.5</td>
<td>msec</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stop or Pause in Record or Play</td>
<td>T_{STOP OR T_PAUSE}</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>62.5</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>msec</td>
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<tr>
<td>RAC Clock Period</td>
<td>T_{RAC}</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>msec</td>
<td></td>
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<td>ISD4002-240</td>
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<tr>
<td>RAC Clock Low Time in Message Cueing Mode</td>
<td>T_{RACLM}</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>31.25</td>
<td>37.5</td>
<td>msec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD4002-120</td>
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<td>ISD4002-240</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Harmonic Distortion THD</td>
<td>THD</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>@ 1 KHz sine wave</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN Input Voltage</td>
<td>V_{IN}</td>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td>Peak-to-Peak[^14]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes:

[1] Typical values @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ and timing measurement at 50%.

[2] All Min/Max limits are guaranteed by Winbond via electrical testing or characterization. Not all specifications are 100 percent tested.

[3] Low-frequency cutoff depends upon the value of external capacitors (see Pin Descriptions)


[5] Sampling Frequency can vary as much as ±2.25 percent over the commercial temperature and voltage ranges, and –6/+4 percent over the extended temperature, industrial temperature and voltage ranges. For greater stability, an external clock can be utilized (see Pin Descriptions)

[6] Playback and Record Duration can vary as much as ±2.25 percent over the commercial temperature and voltage ranges, and –6/+4 percent over the extended temperature, industrial temperature and voltage ranges. For greater stability, an external clock can be utilized (see Pin Descriptions)

[7] Filter specification applies to the antialiasing filter and the smoothing filter. Therefore, from input to output, expect a 6 dB drop by nature of passing through both filters.

[8] The typical output voltage will be approximately 450 mVp-p with $V_{IN}$ at 32 mVp-p.

[9] For optimal signal quality, this maximum limit is recommended.

[10] When a record command is sent, $T_{RAC} = T_{RAC} + T_{RACL}$ on the first row address.
10.2. PARAMETERS FOR DIE

### TABLE 11: DC PARAMETERS

<table>
<thead>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VCC Current (Operating) -Playback</td>
<td>ICC</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>mA</td>
<td>R(_{\text{EXT}} = \infty) [3]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-Record</td>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>mA</td>
<td>R(_{\text{EXT}} = \infty) [3]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCC Current (Standby)</td>
<td>I(_{\text{SB}})</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>(\mu A)</td>
<td>[3][4]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Harmonic Distortion</td>
<td>THD</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>@ 1 KHz sinewave</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANA IN+ or ANA IN- to AUD OUT Gain</td>
<td>A(_{\text{ARP}})</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>[5]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

[1] Typical values @ \(T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}\) and \(V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0\text{V}\).

[2] All Min/Max limits are guaranteed by Winbond via electrical testing or characterization. Not all specifications are 100 percent tested.

[3] \(V_{\text{CCA}}\) and \(V_{\text{CCD}}\) connected together.

[4] \(SS = V_{\text{CCA}} = V_{\text{CCD}}, \ XCLK = \text{MOSI} = V_{\text{SSA}} = V_{\text{SSA}}\) and all other pins floating.


[6] The test coverage for die is limited to room temperature testing. The test conditions may differ from that of packaged parts.
### 10.3. SPI AC PARAMETERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SS  Setup Time</td>
<td>T_{SSS}</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS  Hold Time</td>
<td>T_{SSH}</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data in Setup Time</td>
<td>T_{DIS}</td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data in Hold Time</td>
<td>T_{DIH}</td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Delay</td>
<td>T_{PD}</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Delay to HighZ [2]</td>
<td>T_{DF}</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS  HIGH</td>
<td>T_{SSmin}</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>μsec</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>SCLK High Time</td>
<td>T_{SCKhi}</td>
<td>400</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCLK Low Time</td>
<td>T_{SCKlow}</td>
<td>400</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>nsec</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLK Frequency</td>
<td>F_{0}</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>KHz</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

[1] Typical values @ T_{A} = 25°C, V_{CC} = 3.0V and timing measurement at 50%.


![Circuit Diagram](image_url)

- 26 -
11. TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

These application examples are for illustration purposes only. Winbond makes no representation or warranty that such application will be suitable for production.

Make sure all bypass capacitors are as close as possible to the package.

FIGURE 9: APPLICATION EXAMPLE USING SPI
FIGURE 10: APPLICATION EXAMPLE USING MICROWIRE
FIGURE 11: APPLICATION EXAMPLE USING SPI PORT ON MICROCONTROLLER
12. PACKAGING AND DIE INFORMATION

12.1. 28-LEAD 300-MIL PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE IC (SOIC)

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th><strong>MIN</strong></th>
<th><strong>Nom</strong></th>
<th><strong>Max</strong></th>
<th><strong>MIN</strong></th>
<th><strong>Nom</strong></th>
<th><strong>Max</strong></th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.701</td>
<td>0.706</td>
<td>0.711</td>
<td>17.81</td>
<td>17.93</td>
<td>18.06</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>0.097</td>
<td>0.101</td>
<td>0.104</td>
<td>2.46</td>
<td>2.56</td>
<td>2.64</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>0.292</td>
<td>0.296</td>
<td>0.299</td>
<td>7.42</td>
<td>7.52</td>
<td>7.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.005</td>
<td>0.009</td>
<td>0.0115</td>
<td>0.127</td>
<td>0.22</td>
<td>0.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>0.014</td>
<td>0.016</td>
<td>0.019</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>0.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>0.050</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.27</td>
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<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.400</td>
<td>0.406</td>
<td>0.410</td>
<td>10.16</td>
<td>10.31</td>
<td>10.41</td>
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<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.032</td>
<td>0.040</td>
<td>0.61</td>
<td>0.81</td>
<td>1.02</td>
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Note: Lead coplanarity to be within 0.004 inches.
12.2. 28-LEAD 600-MIL PLASTIC DUAL INLINE PACKAGE (PDIP)

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<td>A</td>
<td>1.445</td>
<td>1.450</td>
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<td>B1</td>
<td>0.150</td>
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<td>B2</td>
<td>0.065</td>
<td>0.070</td>
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<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>0.600</td>
<td>0.625</td>
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<td>C2</td>
<td>0.530</td>
<td>0.540</td>
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<td>D</td>
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<td>D1</td>
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<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>0.070</td>
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<td>q</td>
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### ISD4002 SERIES

**12.3. 28-LEAD 8X13.4MM PLASTIC THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TSOP) TYPE 1 - IQC**

#### Dimension Table

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<td>0.002</td>
<td>0.006</td>
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<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>0.035</td>
<td>0.040</td>
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<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>0.007</td>
<td>0.008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>0.004</td>
<td>0.006</td>
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<td>D</td>
<td>0.461</td>
<td>0.465</td>
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<td>E</td>
<td>0.311</td>
<td>0.315</td>
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<td>H0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>e</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0.022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
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12.4. 28-LEAD 8X13.4MM PLASTIC THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TSOP) TYPE 1

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<td>Nom</td>
<td>Max</td>
<td>Min</td>
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<td>0.528</td>
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<td>E</td>
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<td>0.009</td>
<td>0.011</td>
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<td>F</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.037</td>
<td>0.039</td>
<td>0.041</td>
<td>0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
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<td>0.022</td>
<td>0.028</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>0.004</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.008</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Note: Lead coplanarity to be within 0.004 inches.
12.5. DIE INFORMATION

ISD4002 Series

- Die Dimensions [1]
  
  X: 166.6 ± 1 mils
  Y: 222.5 ± 1 mils

- Die Thickness [2]
  
  11.5 ± 0.5 mils

- Pad Opening
  
  Single pad opening: 90 x 90 µm
  Double pad opening: 180 x 90 µm

Notes:

[1] The backside of die is internally connected to VSS. It MUST NOT be connected to any other potential or damage may occur.

[2] Die thickness is subject to change, please contact Winbond as this thickness may change in the future.

[3] Double bond is recommended if treated as one single pad.
# ISD4002 SERIES PAD COORDINATIONS

(with respect to die center)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pad</th>
<th>Pad Description</th>
<th>X Axis (µm)</th>
<th>Y Axis (µm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VSSA</td>
<td>Analog Ground</td>
<td>1885.7</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAC</td>
<td>Row Address Clock</td>
<td>1483.8</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INT</td>
<td>Interrupt</td>
<td>794.8</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XCLK</td>
<td>External Clock Input</td>
<td>564.8</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCCD</td>
<td>Digital Power Supply</td>
<td>384.9</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCCD</td>
<td>Digital Power Supply</td>
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<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
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<td>SCLK</td>
<td>Slave Clock</td>
<td>-14.7</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>SS</td>
<td>Slave Select</td>
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<td>MOSI</td>
<td>Master Out Slave In</td>
<td>-1063.7</td>
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<td>MISO</td>
<td>Master In Slave Out</td>
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<td>VSSD</td>
<td>Digital Ground</td>
<td>-1665.3</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSSD</td>
<td>Digital Ground</td>
<td>-1836.9</td>
<td>2606.7</td>
</tr>
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<td>VSSA[1]</td>
<td>Analog Ground</td>
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<td>-2607.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSSA[1]</td>
<td>Analog Ground</td>
<td>-1853.1</td>
<td>-2607.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSSA</td>
<td>Analog Ground</td>
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<tr>
<td>AUD OUT</td>
<td>Audio Output</td>
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<tr>
<td>AM CAP</td>
<td>AutoMute</td>
<td>577.3</td>
<td>-2607.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANA IN-</td>
<td>Inverting Analog Input</td>
<td>1449.3</td>
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<td>ANA IN+</td>
<td>Noninverting Analog Input</td>
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<td>VCCA[1]</td>
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<td>VCCA[1]</td>
<td>Analog Power Supply</td>
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<td>-2607.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:

[1] Double bond recommended if treated as one pad.
### 13. ORDERING INFORMATION

**ISD4002 Series**

**Product Family:** ISD4000 Family

**Product Series:** 02 = Second Series (2-4 min)

**Duration:**
- 120 = 120 seconds
- 150 = 150 seconds
- 180 = 180 seconds
- 240 = 240 seconds

**Special Temperature Field:**
- Blank = Commercial Package (0°C to +70°C)
- D = Extended (-20°C to +70°C)
- I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)

**Packaged Units / Die:**
- X = Die
- P = 28-Lead 600-mil Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
- S = 28-Lead 300-mil Plastic Small Outline Package (SOIC)
- E = 28-Lead 8x13.4mm Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP) Type 1
- Y = Lead-Free

When ordering the devices, please refer to the following valid ordering numbers. For the shaded part numbers, please contact the local Winbond Sales Representatives for availability information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Package</th>
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<th>150 seconds</th>
<th>180 seconds</th>
<th>240 seconds</th>
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<td>Part #</td>
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<tr>
<td>Die</td>
<td>PDIP</td>
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<td>ISD4002-150X I4215X</td>
<td>ISD4002-180X I4218X</td>
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</tbody>
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For the latest product information, access Winbond worldwide website at [http://www.winbond-usa.com](http://www.winbond-usa.com)
## 14. VERSION HISTORY

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>VERSION</th>
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<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Initial version</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 1       | Sep. 2003  | Reformat the document.  
Add note for typical filter pass band.  
Add memory architecture description.  
Remove all CSP info.  
Revise RAC timing parameter for MC.  
Revise AutoMute: playback only.  
Revise SPI, opcodes sections, record & playback steps.  
Rename $T_{RACLO}$ to $T_{RACL}$.  
Revise $A_{ARP}$ parameter.  
Revise DC & AC parameters tables for die.  
Revise die information: pad opening and (x,y) coordinates.  
Figures 9-11: revise $V_{CCA}$ and $V_{CCD}$ pin #. |
| 1.1     | Mar. 2005  | Add lead-free parts.  
Revise AM CAP name in block diagram.  
Update table no. for AC parameter.  
Revise the Ordering information.  
Revise disclaim section. |
| 1.2     | Apr. 2005  | Standardize disclaim section. |
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