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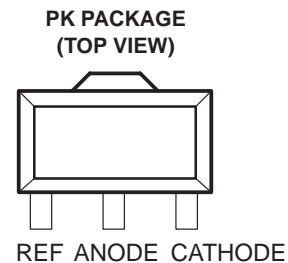
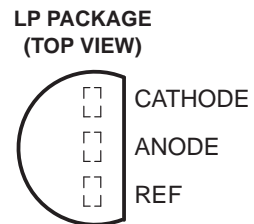
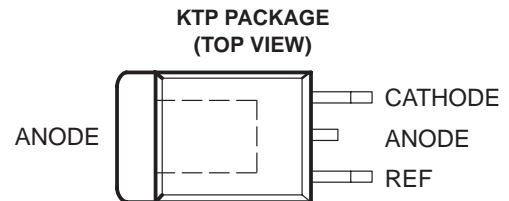
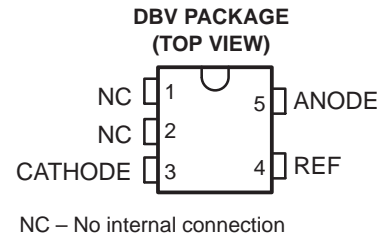
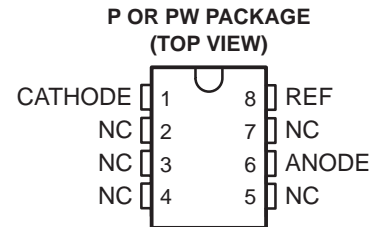
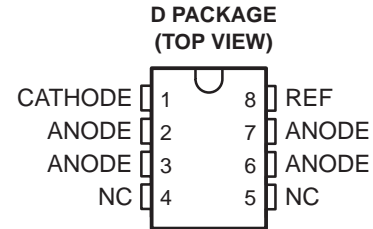
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- Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient . . . 30 ppm/°C
- 0.2-Ω Typical Output Impedance
- Sink-Current Capability . . . 1 mA to 100 mA
- Low Output Noise
- Adjustable Output Voltage . . .  $V_{ref}$  to 36 V
- Available in a Wide Range of High-Density Packages

**description**

The TL431 and TL431A are three-terminal adjustable shunt regulators with specified thermal stability over applicable automotive, commercial, and military temperature ranges. The output voltage can be set to any value between  $V_{ref}$  (approximately 2.5 V) and 36 V, with two external resistors (see Figure 17). These devices have a typical output impedance of 0.2 Ω. Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making these devices excellent replacements for Zener diodes in many applications, such as onboard regulation, adjustable power supplies, and switching power supplies.

The TL431C and TL431AC are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C, and the TL431I and TL431AI are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



# TL431, TL431A ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATORS

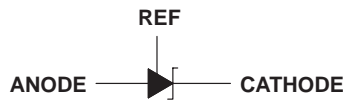
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## AVAILABLE OPTIONS

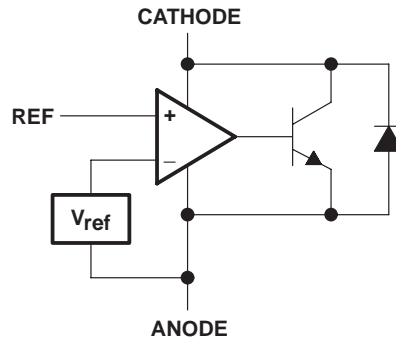
T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGED DEVICES						
	SMALL-OUTLINE (D)	SOT-23 (DBV)	PLASTIC FLANGE MOUNT (KTP)	TO-226AA (LP)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	PLASTIC SHRINK SMALL-OUTLINE (PW)	SOT-89 (PK)
0°C to 70°C	TL431CD TL431ACD	TL431CDBVR	TL431CKTPR	TL431CLP TL431ACLP	TL431CP TL431ACP	TL431CPWR TL431ACPWR	TL431CPKR
-40°C to 85°C	TL431ID TL431AID			TL431ILP TL431AILP	TL431IP TL431AIP		TL431IPKR

The D, LP, and PW packages are available taped and reeled. The DBV, KTP, and PK packages are only available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to device type (e.g., TL431CDR).

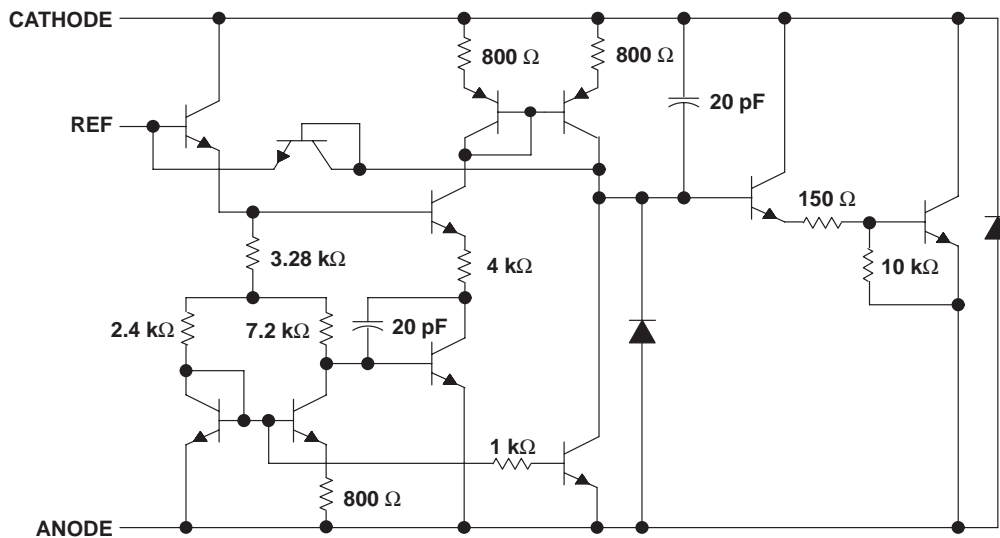
## symbol



## functional block diagram



## equivalent schematic†



† All component values are nominal.

# TL431, TL431A ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATORS

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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Cathode voltage, $V_{KA}$ (see Note 1) .....	37 V
Continuous cathode current range, $I_{KA}$ .....	–100 mA to 150 mA
Reference input current range .....	–50 $\mu$ A to 10 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 2 and 3):	
D package .....	97°C/W
DBV package .....	206°C/W
KTP package .....	28°C/W
LP package .....	156°C/W
P package .....	85°C/W
PK package .....	52°C/W
PW package .....	149°C/W
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds .....	260°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{Stg}$ .....	–65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted.
  2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(\max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(\max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.
  3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

## recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Cathode voltage, $V_{KA}$	$V_{ref}$	36	V
Cathode current, $I_{KA}$	1	100	mA
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$	TL431C, TL431AC	0	70
	TL431I, TL431AI	–40	85



# TL431, TL431A

## ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATORS

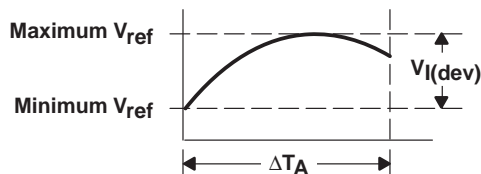
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electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITIONS	TL431C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{\text{ref}}$ Reference voltage	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	2440	2495	2550	mV
$V_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } 70^\circ\text{C}$		4	25	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{\Delta V_{\text{KA}}}$ Ratio of change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{\text{ref}}$	-1.4	-2.7	$\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$
			$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$	-1	-2	
$I_{\text{ref}}$ Reference current	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty$		2	4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty, T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } 70^\circ\text{C}$		0.4	1.2	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{min}}$ Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}$		0.4	1	mA
$I_{\text{off}}$ Off-state cathode current	4	$V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 0$		0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
$ z_{\text{KA}} $ Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	1	$I_{\text{KA}} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.2	0.5	$\Omega$

The deviation parameters  $V_{\text{ref(dev)}}$  and  $I_{\text{ref(dev)}}$  are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range. The average full-range temperature coefficient of the reference voltage,  $\alpha_{V_{\text{ref}}}$ , is defined as:

$$|\alpha_{V_{\text{ref}}}| \left( \frac{\text{ppm}}{^\circ\text{C}} \right) = \frac{\left( \frac{V_{\text{I(dev)}}}{V_{\text{ref at } 25^\circ\text{C}}} \right) \times 10^6}{\Delta T_A}$$



where:

$\Delta T_A$  is the recommended operating free-air temperature range of the device.

$\alpha_{V_{\text{ref}}}$  can be positive or negative, depending on whether minimum  $V_{\text{ref}}$  or maximum  $V_{\text{ref}}$ , respectively, occurs at the lower temperature.

Example: maximum  $V_{\text{ref}} = 2496 \text{ mV}$  at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ , minimum  $V_{\text{ref}} = 2492 \text{ mV}$  at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{ref}} = 2495 \text{ mV}$  at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $\Delta T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$  for TL431C

$$|\alpha_{V_{\text{ref}}}| = \frac{\left( \frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}} \right) \times 10^6}{70^\circ\text{C}} \approx 23 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$$

Because minimum  $V_{\text{ref}}$  occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive.

### Calculating Dynamic Impedance

The dynamic impedance is defined as:  $|z_{\text{KA}}| = \frac{\Delta V_{\text{KA}}}{\Delta I_{\text{KA}}}$

When the device is operating with two external resistors (see Figure 3), the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|z'| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I} \approx |z_{\text{KA}}| \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)$$

Figure 1. Calculating Deviation Parameters and Dynamic Impedance

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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITIONS	TL4311			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{\text{ref}}$ Reference voltage	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	2440	2495	2550	mV
$V_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$		5	50	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{\Delta V_{\text{KA}}}$ Ratio of change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{\text{ref}}$	-1.4	-2.7	$\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$
			$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$	-1	-2	
$I_{\text{ref}}$ Reference current	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty$		2	4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	2.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{min}}$ Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}$		0.4	1	mA
$I_{\text{off}}$ Off-state cathode current	4	$V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 0$		0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
$ z_{\text{KA}} $ Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	2	$I_{\text{KA}} = 1 \text{ mA} \text{ to } 100 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.2	0.5	$\Omega$

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITIONS	TL431AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{\text{ref}}$ Reference voltage	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	2470	2495	2520	mV
$V_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 70^\circ\text{C}$		4	25	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{\Delta V_{\text{KA}}}$ Ratio of change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{\text{ref}}$	-1.4	-2.7	$\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$
			$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$	-1	-2	
$I_{\text{ref}}$ Reference current	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty$		2	4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{I(dev)}}$ Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty, T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 70^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	1.2	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{min}}$ Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}$		0.4	0.6	mA
$I_{\text{off}}$ Off-state cathode current	4	$V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 0$		0.1	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$ z_{\text{KA}} $ Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	1	$I_{\text{KA}} = 1 \text{ mA} \text{ to } 100 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.2	0.5	$\Omega$



# TL431, TL431A

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITIONS		TL431AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{\text{ref}}$	Reference voltage	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$		2470	2495	2520	mV
$V_{\text{I(dev)}}$	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$			5	50	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{\Delta V_{\text{KA}}}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{\text{ref}}$	-1.4	-2.7	$\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$	
				$\Delta V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$	-1	-2		
$I_{\text{ref}}$	Reference current	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R2 = \infty$			2	4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{I(dev)}}$	Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{\text{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R2 = \infty, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$			0.8	2.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{min}}$	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	$V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}$			0.4	0.7	mA
$I_{\text{off}}$	Off-state cathode current	4	$V_{\text{KA}} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 0$			0.1	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$ z_{\text{KA}} $	Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	2	$I_{\text{KA}} = 1 \text{ mA} \text{ to } 100 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{KA}} = V_{\text{ref}}, f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$			0.2	0.5	$\Omega$

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

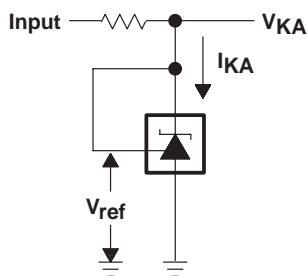


Figure 2. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$

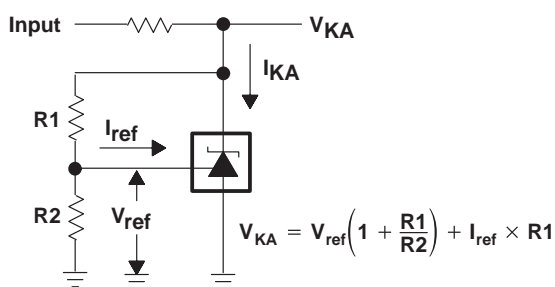


Figure 3. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$

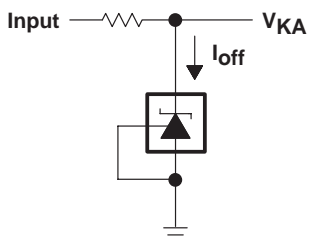


Figure 4. Test Circuit for  $I_{off}$



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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

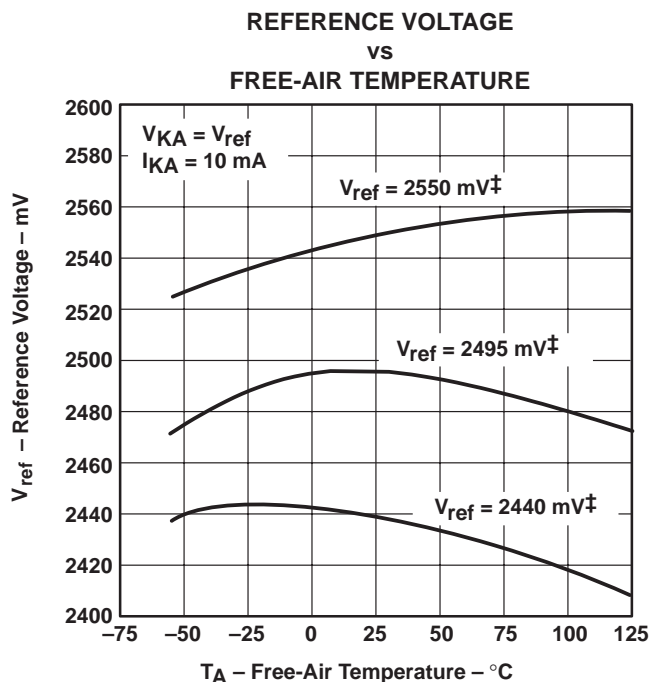
**Table 1. Graphs**

	FIGURE
Reference input voltage vs Free-air temperature	5
Reference input current vs Free-air temperature	6
Cathode current vs Cathode voltage	7, 8
Off-state cathode current vs Free-air temperature	9
Ratio of delta reference voltage to change in cathode voltage vs Free-air temperature	10
Equivalent input noise voltage vs Frequency	11
Equivalent input noise voltage over a 10-second period	12
Small-signal voltage amplification vs Frequency	13
Reference impedance vs Frequency	14
Pulse response	15
Stability boundary conditions	16

**Table 2. Application Circuits**

	FIGURE
Shunt regulator	17
Single-supply comparator with temperature-compensated threshold	18
Precision high-current series regulator	19
Output control of a three-terminal fixed regulator	20
High-current shunt regulator	21
Crowbar circuit	22
Precision 5-V 1.5-A regulator	23
Efficient 5-V precision regulator	24
PWM converter with reference	25
Voltage monitor	26
Delay timer	27
Precision current limiter	28
Precision constant-current sink	29

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†



† Data is for devices having the indicated value of  $V_{ref}$  at  $I_{KA} = 10$  mA,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Figure 5

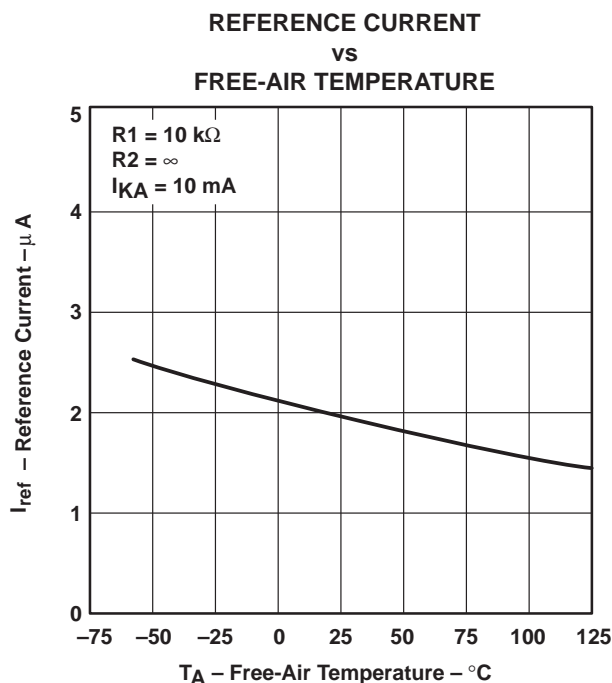


Figure 6

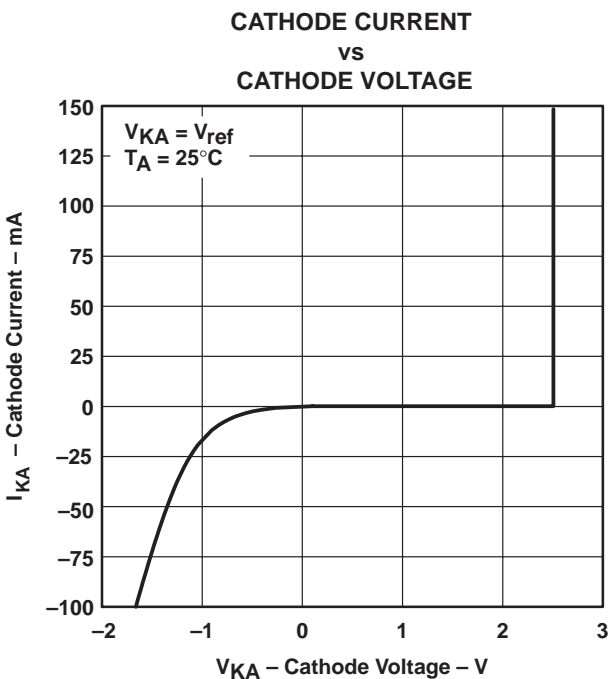


Figure 7

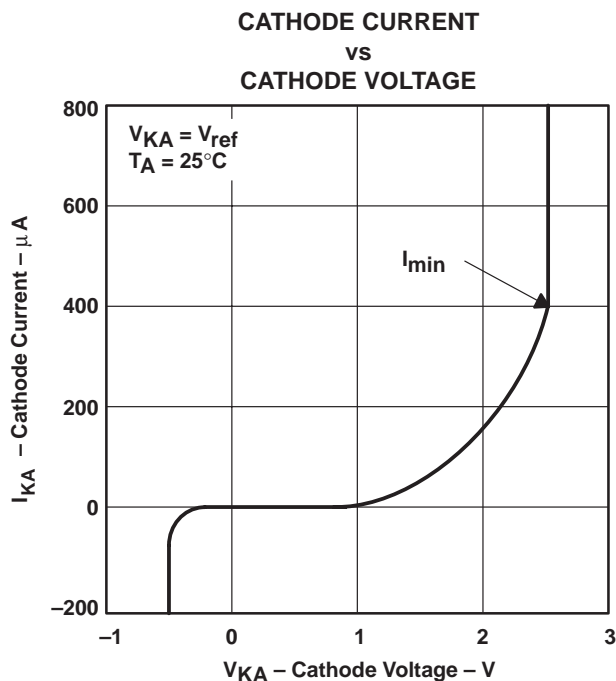


Figure 8

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

OFF-STATE CATHODE CURRENT  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

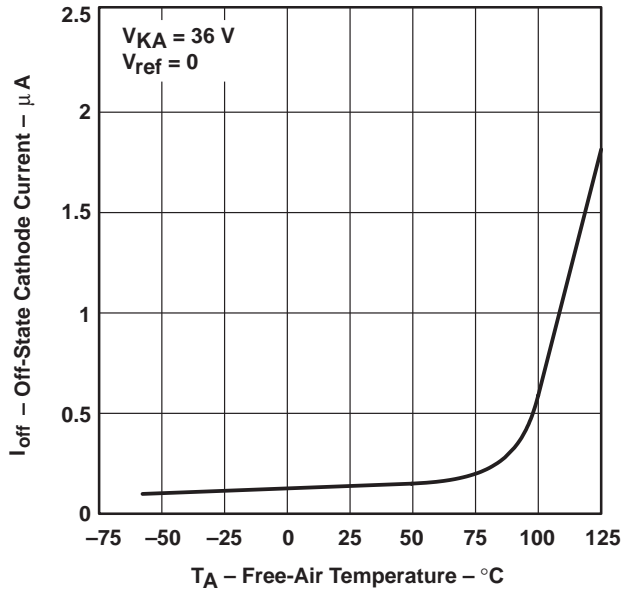


Figure 9

RATIO OF DELTA REFERENCE VOLTAGE TO  
DELTA CATHODE VOLTAGE  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

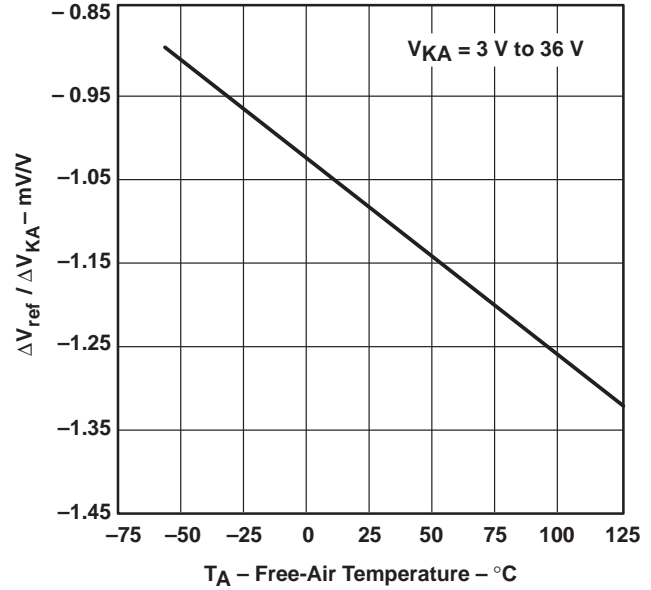


Figure 10

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE  
vs  
FREQUENCY

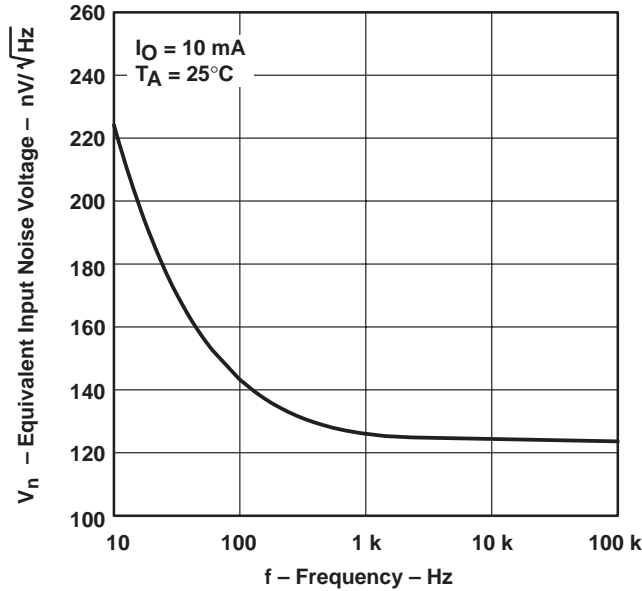


Figure 11

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

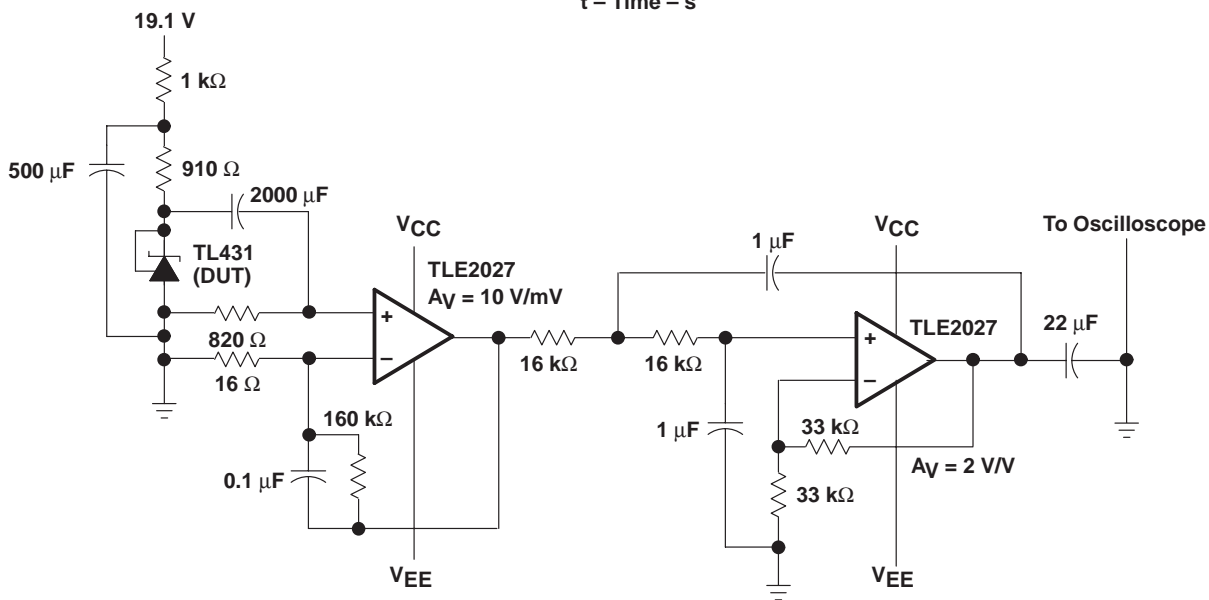
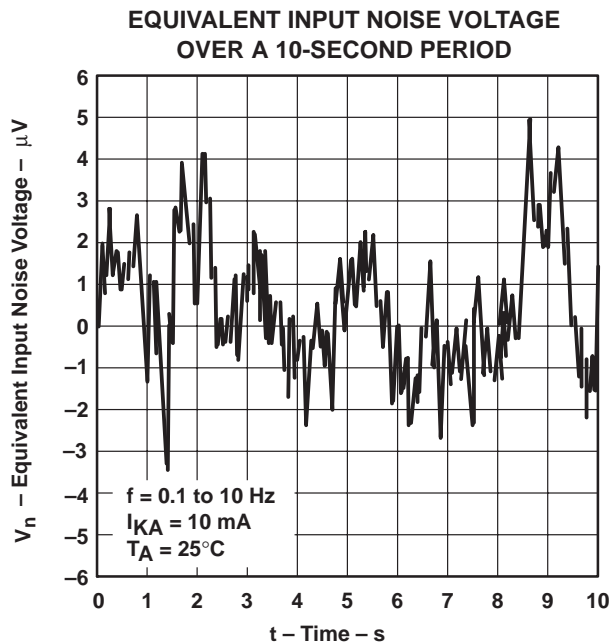


Figure 12. Test Circuit for Equivalent Input Noise Voltage

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

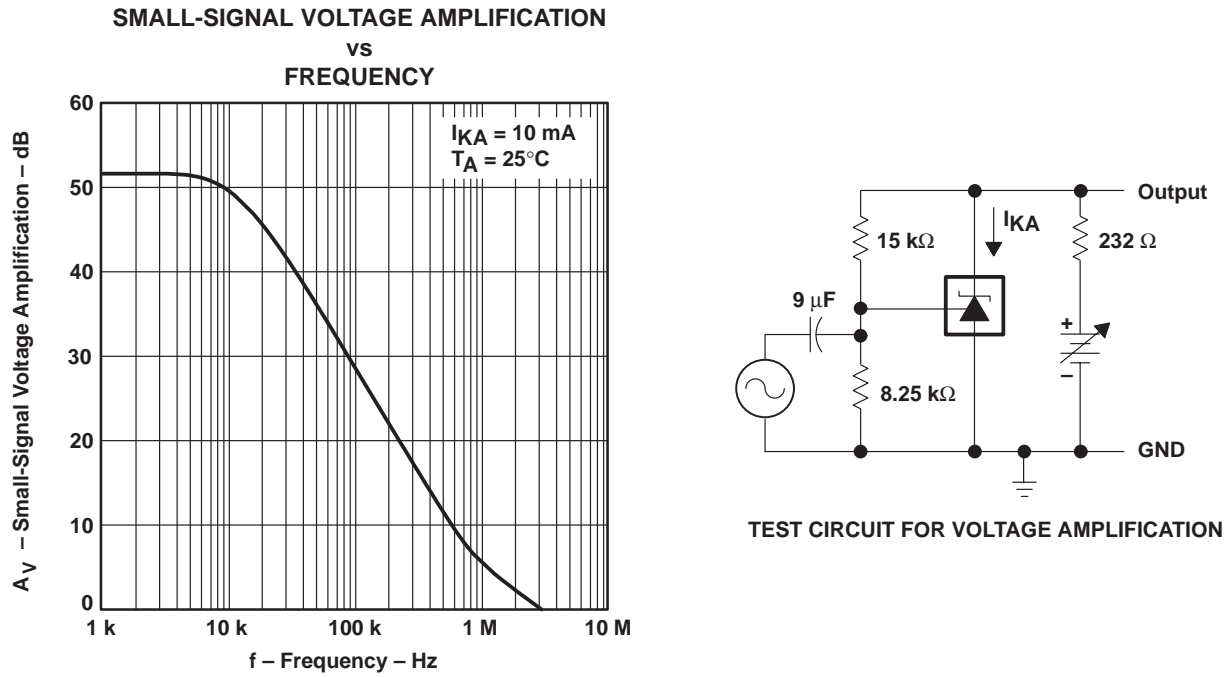


Figure 13

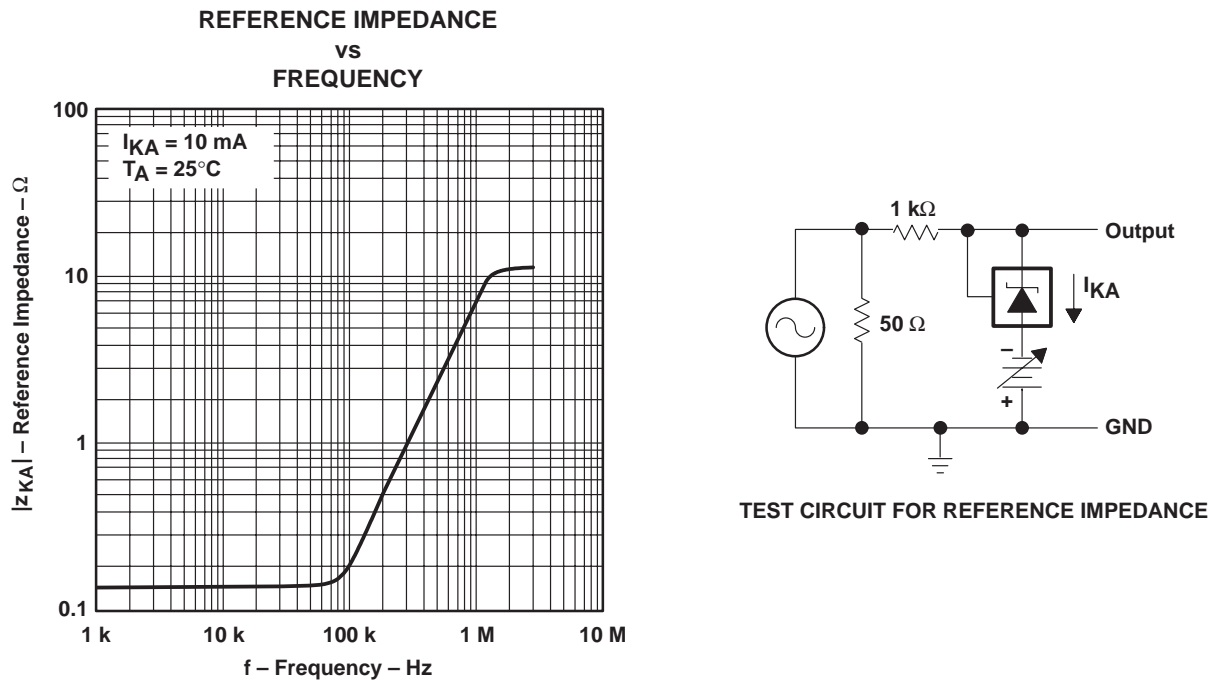


Figure 14

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

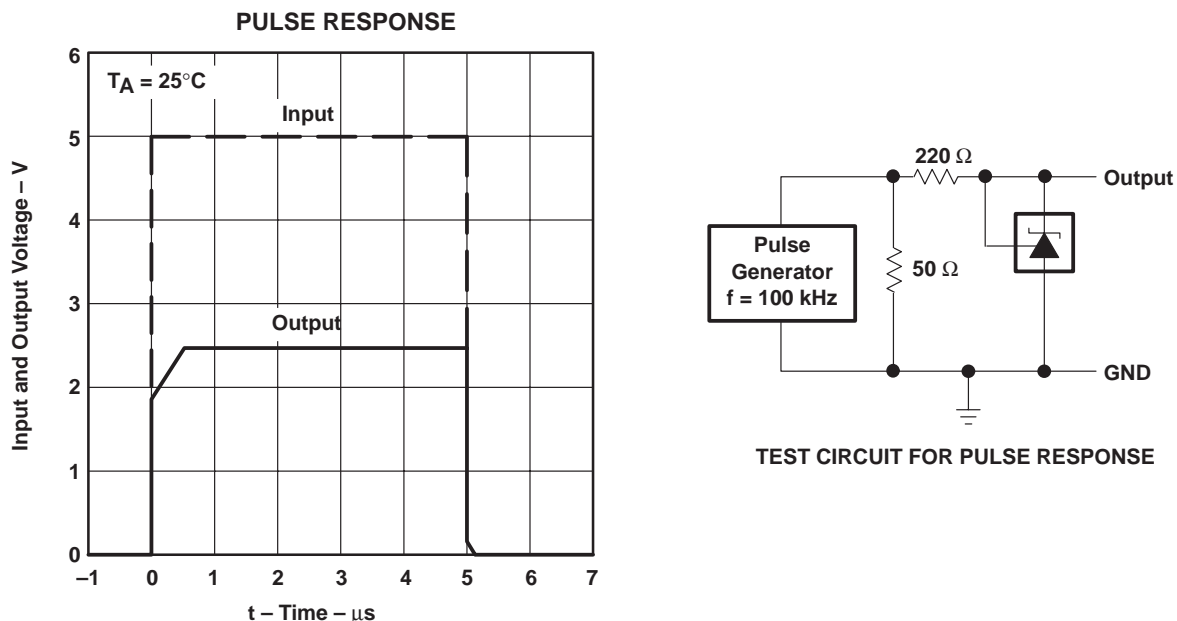


Figure 15

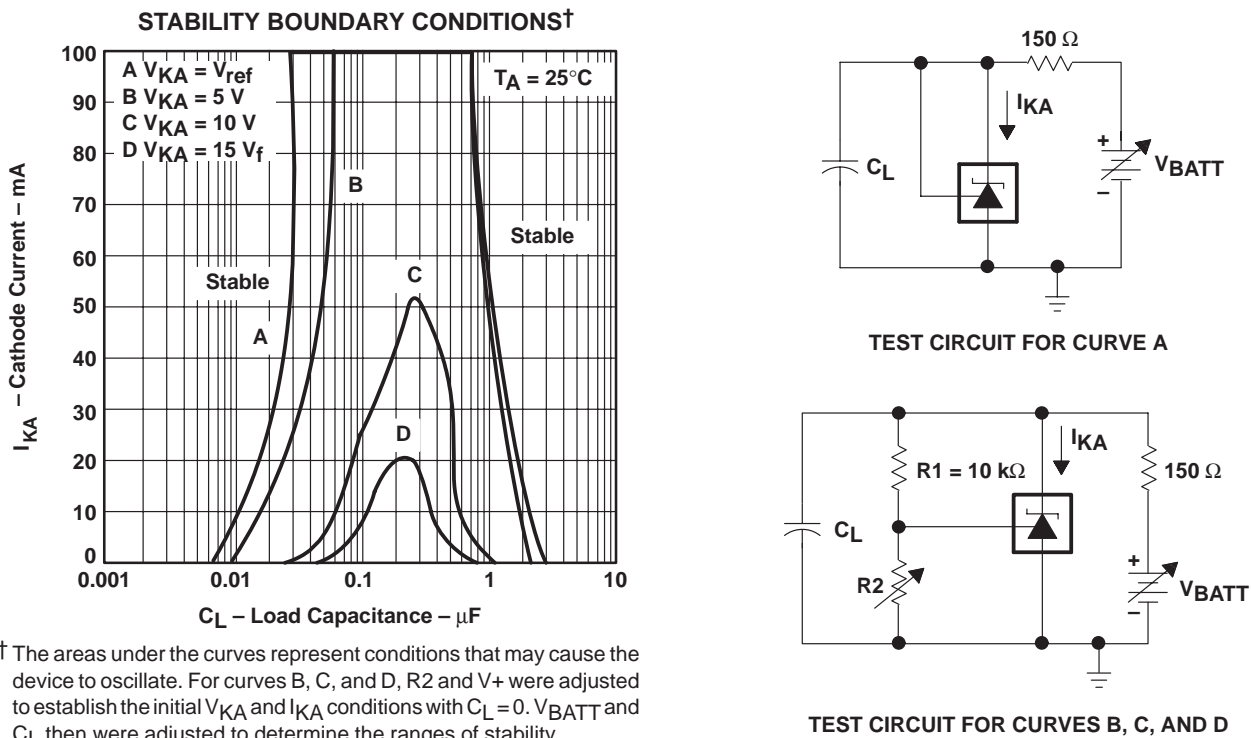
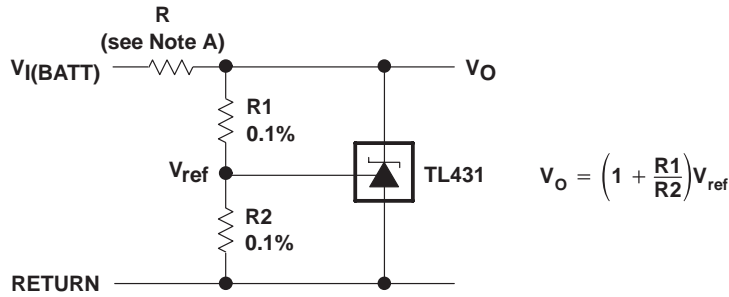


Figure 16

# TL431, TL431A ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATORS

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## APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: R should provide cathode current  $\geq 1$  mA to the TL431 at minimum  $V_{I(BATT)}$ .

Figure 17. Shunt Regulator

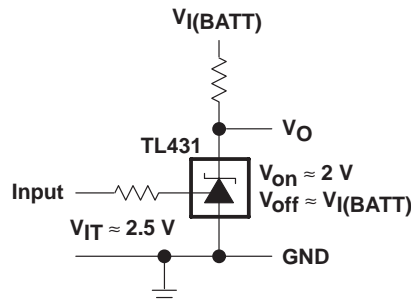
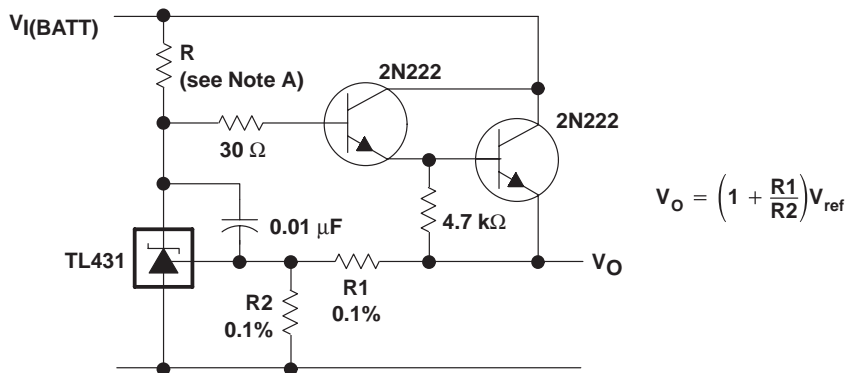


Figure 18. Single-Supply Comparator With Temperature-Compensated Threshold



NOTE A: R should provide cathode current  $\geq 1$  mA to the TL431 at minimum  $V_{I(BATT)}$ .

Figure 19. Precision High-Current Series Regulator

APPLICATION INFORMATION

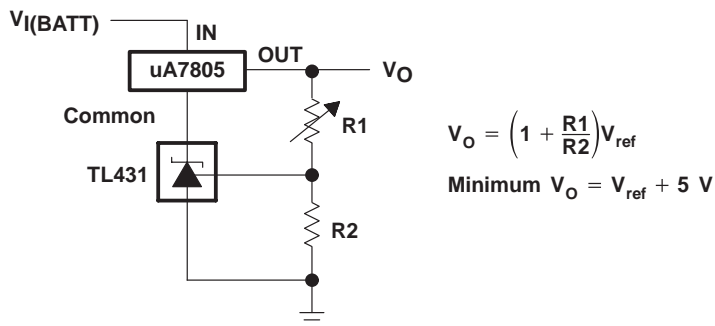


Figure 20. Output Control of a Three-Terminal Fixed Regulator

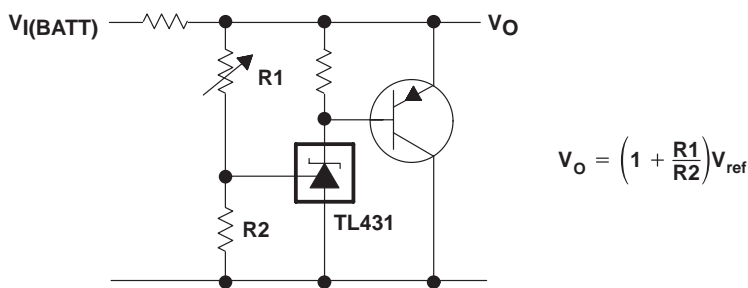
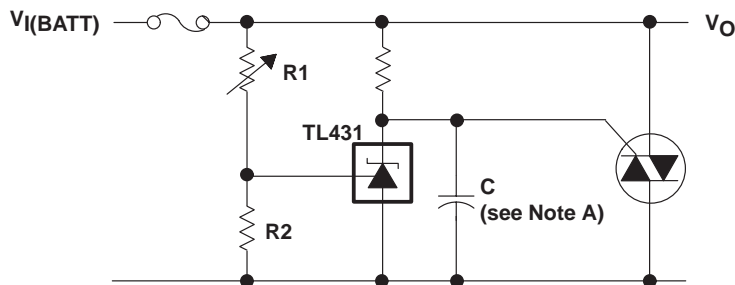


Figure 21. High-Current Shunt Regulator



NOTE A: Refer to the stability boundary conditions in Figure 16 to determine allowable values for C.

Figure 22. Crowbar Circuit



# TL431, TL431A ADJUSTABLE PRECISION SHUNT REGULATORS

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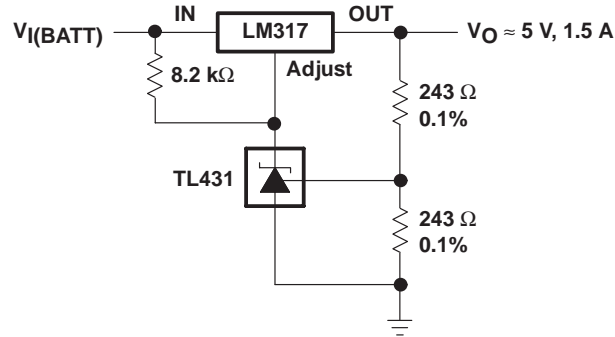
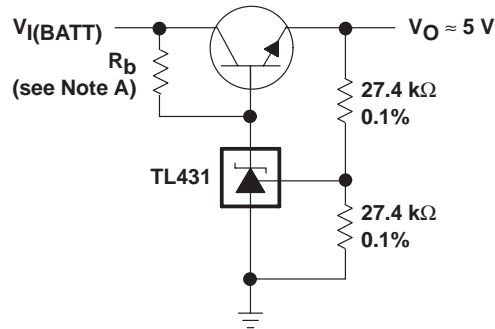


Figure 23. Precision 5-V 1.5-A Regulator



NOTE A:  $R_b$  should provide cathode current  $\geq 1$  mA to the TL431.

Figure 24. Efficient 5-V Precision Regulator

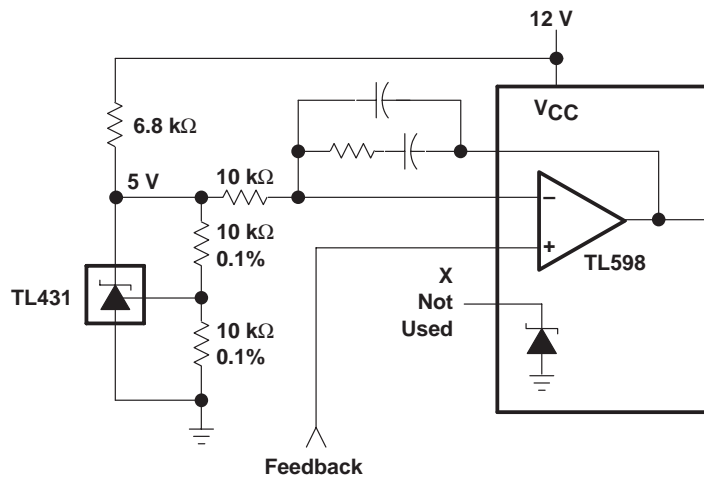
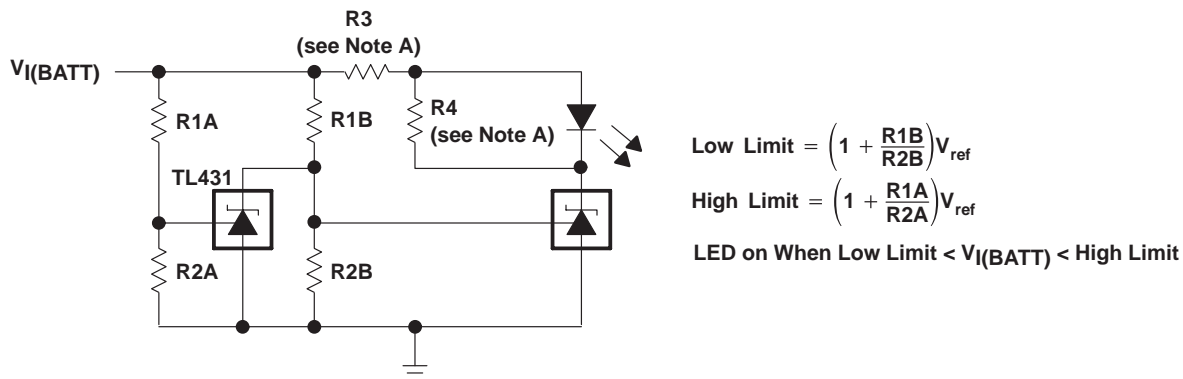


Figure 25. PWM Converter With Reference

APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: R3 and R4 are selected to provide the desired LED intensity and cathode current  $\geq 1$  mA to the TL431 at the available  $V_{I(BATT)}$ .

Figure 26. Voltage Monitor

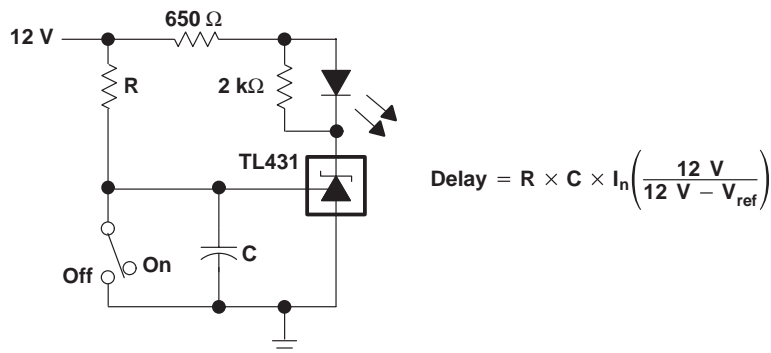


Figure 27. Delay Timer

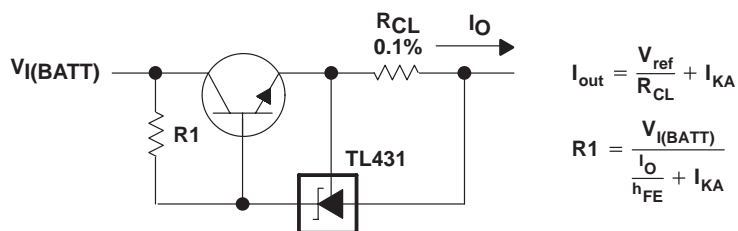


Figure 28. Precision Current Limiter

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## APPLICATION INFORMATION

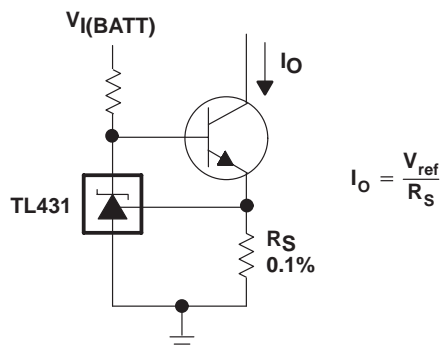


Figure 29. Precision Constant-Current Sink

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